

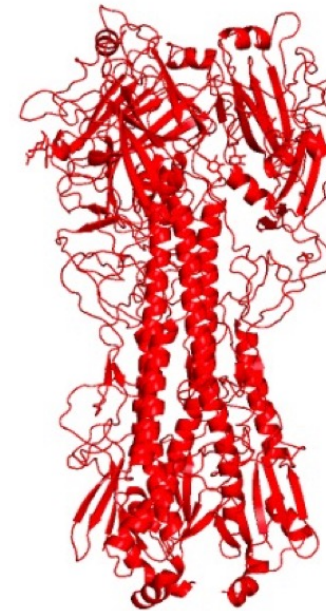
# Influenza pre-immune ferrets vaccinated with computationally optimized recombinant HA proteins generate sero-protective antibody responses against H1N1 and H3N2 viruses from the last decade

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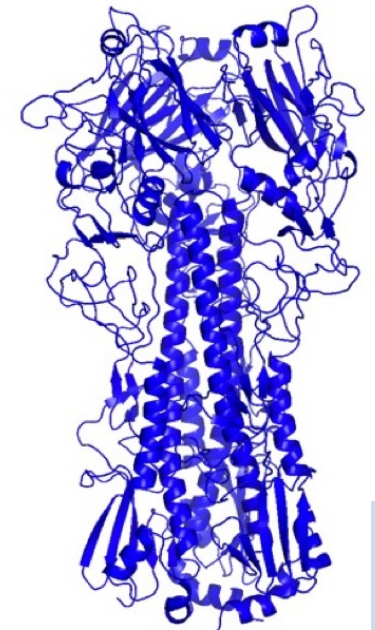


# COBRA Approach for Designing Broadly Reactive Vaccines

- In-silico layered consensus building approach
  - Utilizes HA sequence data from flu surveillance databases (GISAID, GenBank)
    - Natural viral evolution dictates antigen design
- Capable of eliciting potent, broadly reactive HA-specific antibody responses
  - Effective against seasonal and pandemic influenza virus strains
    - H1, H3, & H5 subtypes
    - Mice, ferrets, non-human primates
      - Y2 H1 COBRA (2014-2016)
      - NG2 H3 COBRA (2016-2018)

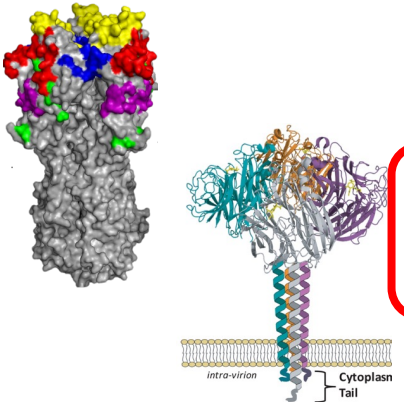


Y2 H1 COBRA HA  
(2014-2016)

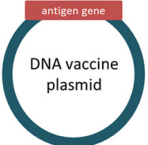


NG2 H3 COBRA HA  
(2016-2018)

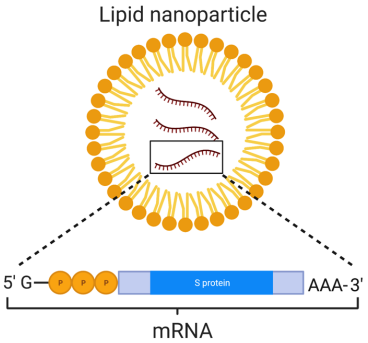
# Overview of different COBRA vaccine delivery platforms



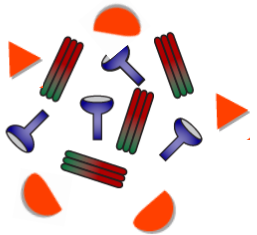
**HA and NA recombinant proteins**



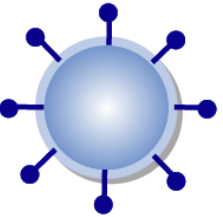
**DNA vaccination**



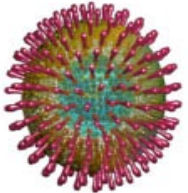
**mRNA LNP**



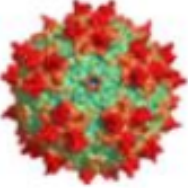
**Inactivated/Split vaccine**



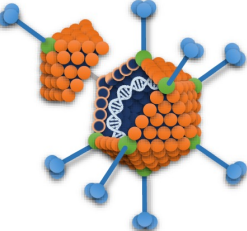
**Nano, Micro, & Virus-like particles (VLP)**



**Live or Attenuated Viruses**



**AAV - Vectored**



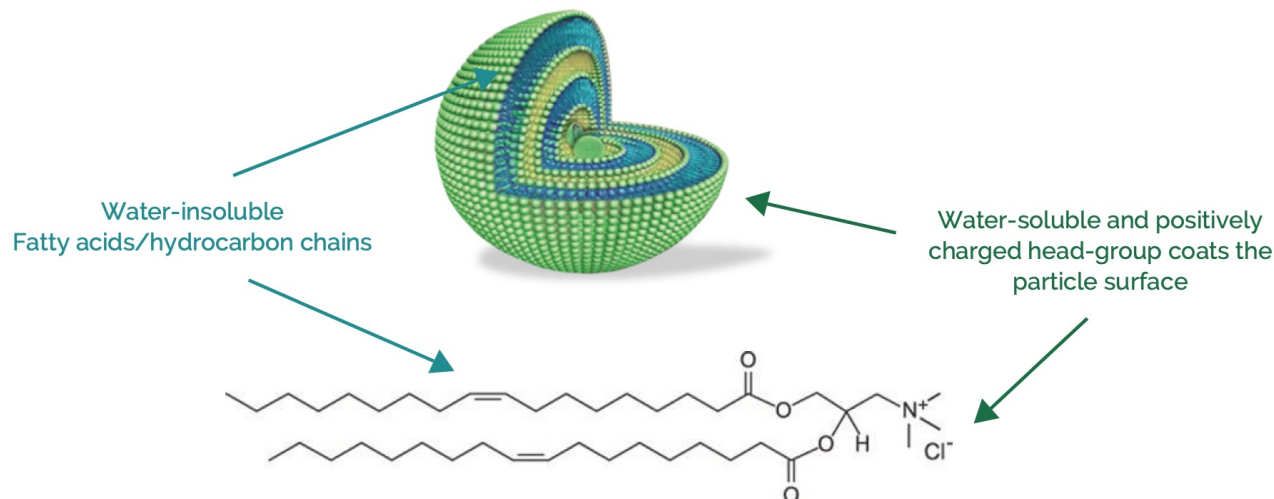
**Recombinant ChAd3**



**Self-amplifying mRNA**

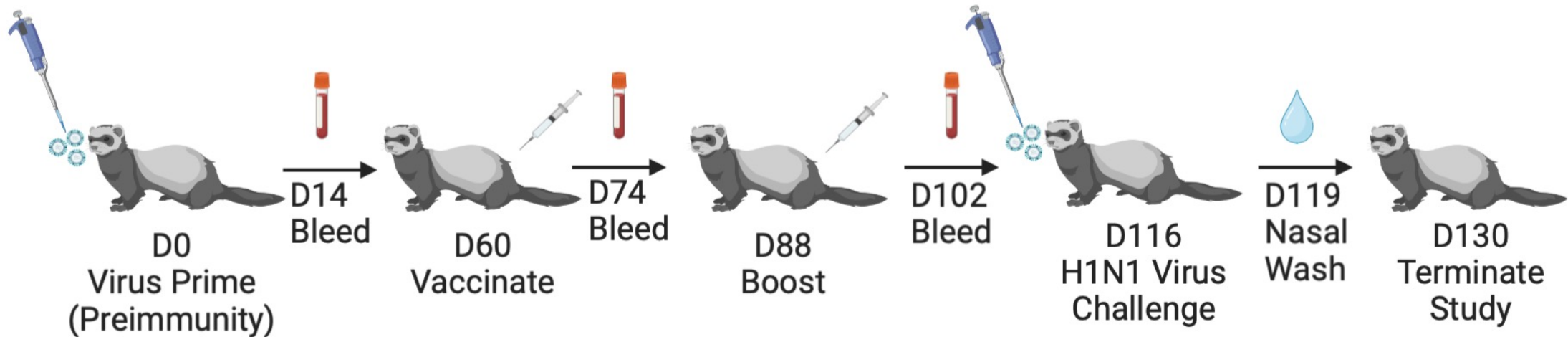
# Infectimune<sup>®</sup> Adjuvant

- Infectimune<sup>®</sup> (R-enantiomer of DOTAP)
- Cationic lipid nanoparticle adjuvant
  - Quaternary ammonium head with two 18 carbon length unsaturated fatty acid (acyl) chains
  - Binds to surface of DCs and is endocytosed via a clathrin-mediated mechanism
  - Efficient at transporting protein or peptides into cells
  - Safe and effective at eliciting cellular and humoral immune responses in human clinical trials



Gandhapudi et. al. *J Immunology*. 2019

# Pre-immune Ferret Model

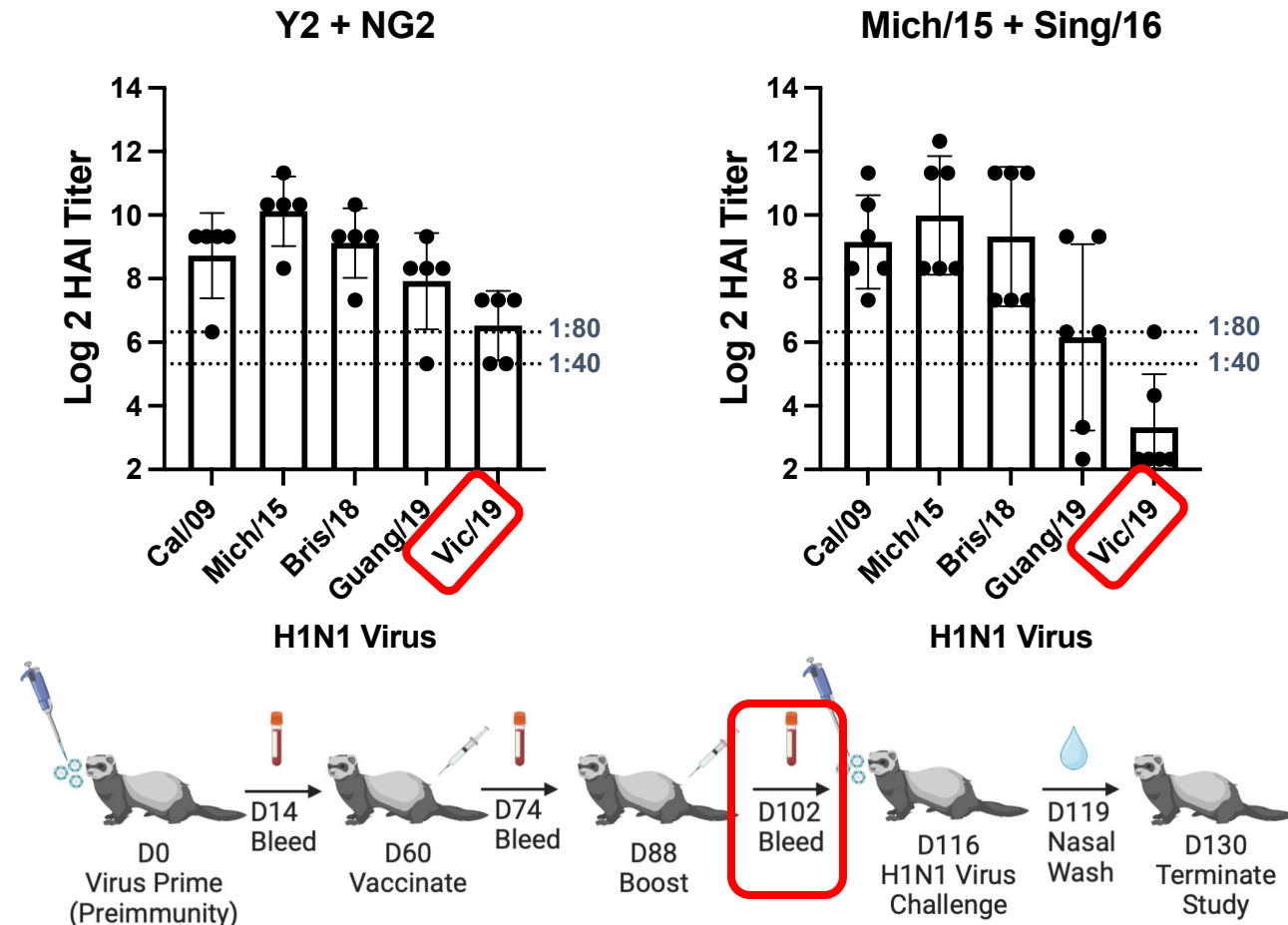


- Mimic human response to vaccination by first infecting ferrets with influenza viruses
  - H1N1 (A/Singapore/6/1986)
  - H3N2 (A/Panama/2007/1999)



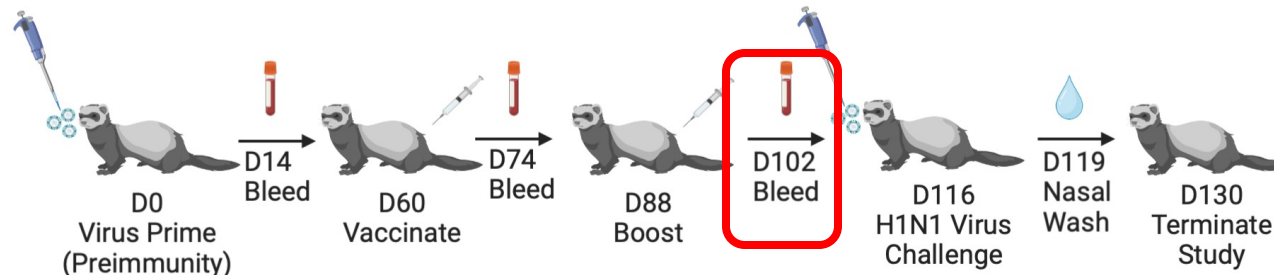
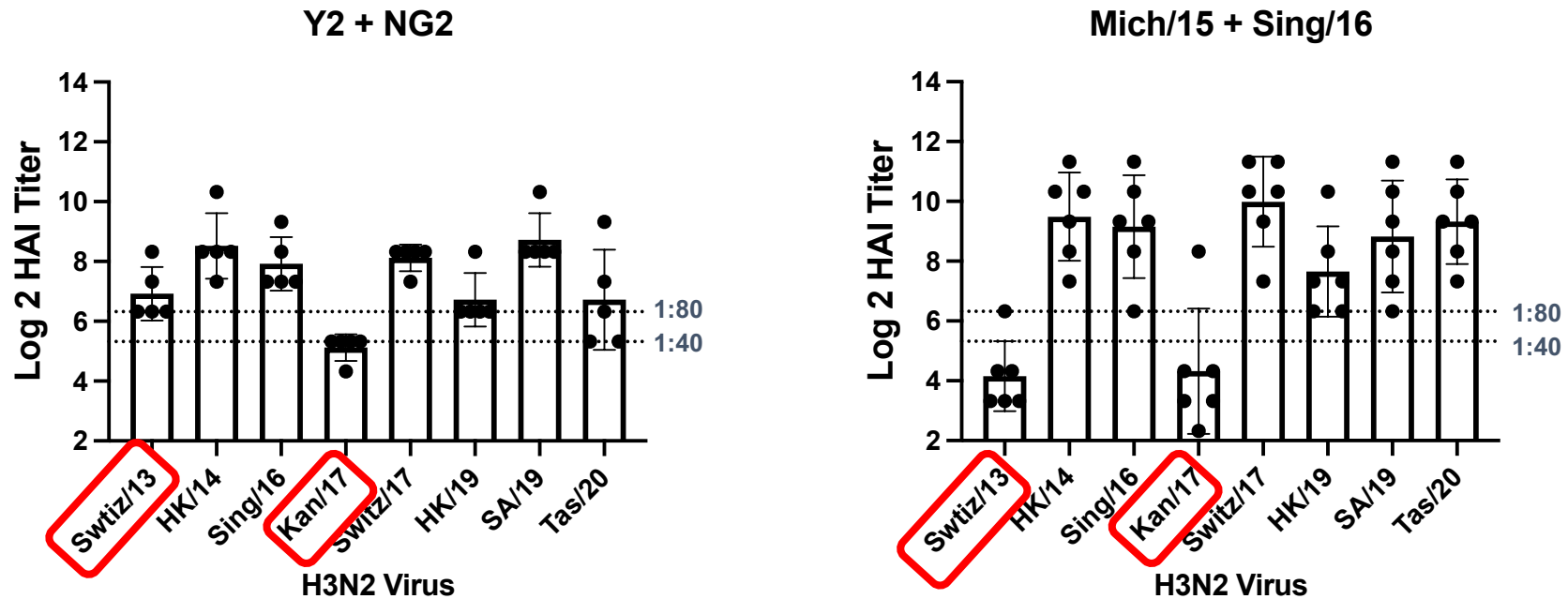
# H1N1 HAI Response

- H1/H3 Pre-immune ferrets vaccinated 2x with Y2/NG2 rHA (15ug) + Infectimune® or wild-type rHA + Infectimune®

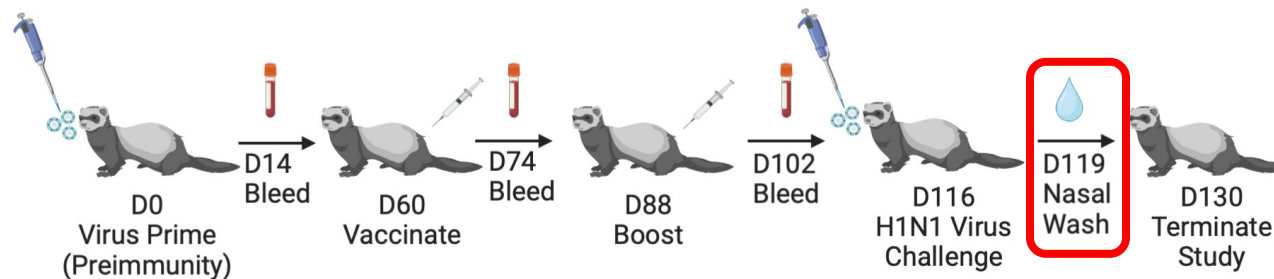
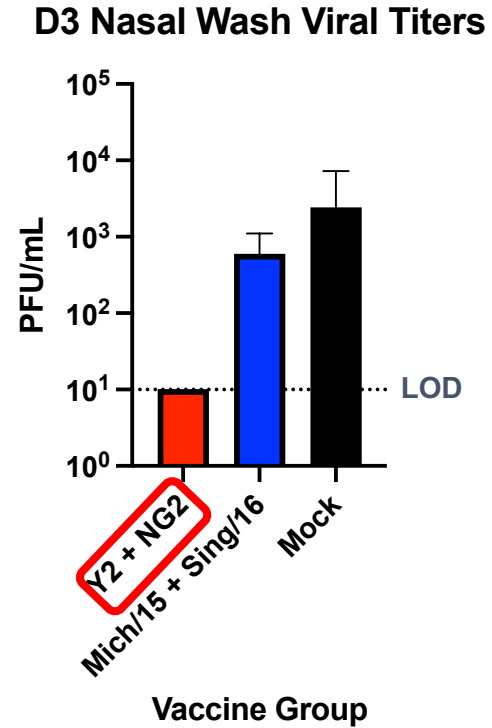
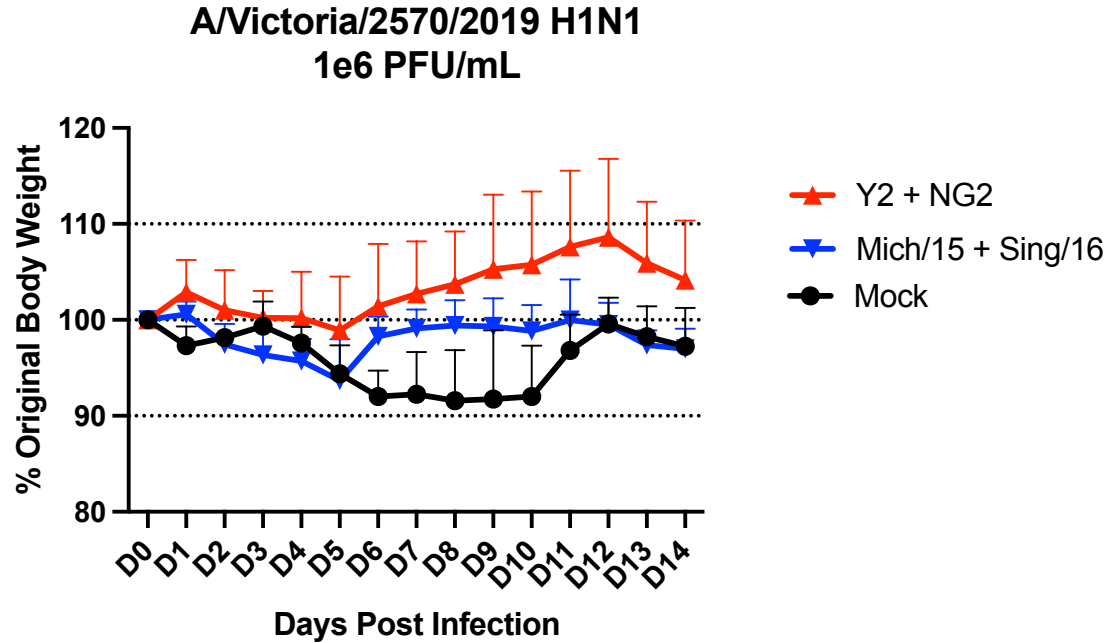


# H3N2 HAI Response

- H1/H3 Pre-immune ferrets vaccinated 2x with Y2/NG2 rHA (15ug) + Infectimune<sup>®</sup> or wild-type rHA + Infectimune<sup>®</sup>



# H1N1 Infection Results





# Conclusions

- COBRA rHA vaccines adjuvanted with Infectimune® capable of eliciting protective HAI antibody responses in pre-immune ferrets across panels of viruses from the last decade
  - Also elicit HAI reactive antibodies against future drifted viral isolates from 2019-2020
  - Prevent weight loss and H1N1 viral replication in the lungs of vaccinated animals
- In a population that has a more extensive pre-immune background to influenza, like humans, we expect these vaccines to generate a more broadly reactive antibody profile due to the recall of a more diverse population of memory B cells



# Acknowledgements



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